

1. Which of the following weapons is a firearm
 - a) Small-caliber sports pistol
 - b) Sports pneumatic pistol
 - c) Bow (arbalest)
2. Which of the following firearm is removed from circulation
 - a) Only long barrel automatic firearm
 - b) Semi-automatic sports rifle
 - c) Smooth barrel gun with horizontal order of barrels
3. Is the owner of a registered sports firearm allowed to manufacture ammunition of sports firearm himself/herself (without appropriate license)
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Yes, in case if he/she has the relevant education
4. Whether a person can register sports firearm, if its main element is manufactured by unlicensed person
 - a) It is allowed
 - b) It is not allowed if other is not provided by the law
 - c) It is not allowed only in case if the barrel of a weapon is manufactured by unlicensed person
5. Citizen of Georgia or foreign national having permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) a weapon has the right to purchase ammunition
 - a) In case if a person has registered any type of weapon
 - b) In any case, without any restrictions
 - c) Only in case if a person has a permit to purchase short barrel self-defense firearm or sports firearms
 - d) Only in case if this ammunition is designed to fire from his/her own registered weapon
6. Which of the following is not a ground for deprivation of deprivation of sports firearm
 - a) Export of weapon abroad in case of having relevant license (permit)
 - b) Revocation of license (permit) to purchase (with the right to store or/and carry) weapon
 - c) Violation of weapon circulation rules, before the final decision
7. Disposition of unregistered weapon
 - a) Is not allowed except the cases provided by the law
 - b) Is allowed
 - c) Is allowed, except when the person illegally became the owner of the mentioned weapon
8. Which of the following provisions is false
 - a) Physical person is obliged to present certificate on mental condition in order to obtain the permit to purchase a weapon

- b) A person can register hunting firearm received as a gift or inherited even in case if the person does not meet requirements established by the legislation to purchase obtain a permit (license)
 - c) Physical person is obliged to apply to registration authority in order to register purchased weapon
9. Whether the protective or restraining order can be the prohibiting factor for registration of sports firearms
- a) Yes
 - b) No
10. Whether a person can obtain relevant permit to purchase sports firearm with structural defects/damages
- a) Yes if the use of such weapon is not dangerous
 - b) No, if due to such defect its proper use and exploitation would be impossible
 - c) There is no restriction in such case
11. Main elements of the firearm are
- a) Barrel, drum, locker, frame, barrel box
 - b) Only barrel, locker, frame, barrel box
 - c) Barrel, locker, barrel box, piston, needle
12. Which of the following is not removed from civil circulation
- a) Firearm having simulated shape of the other object
 - b) Knuckle-duster and other similar striking-breaking (clashing)objects
 - c) Self-loading pistol
13. Which of the following weapons is removed from civil circulation
- a) Only long barrel automatic firearm
 - b) Only those weapons and other devices, the effect of which is based on power, radiation or biological factors
 - c) Only those ammunition, which have armour-piercing, incendiary, explosive or tracer effect
 - d) All weapons mentioned in this test-paper
14. From the following versions which one is the firearm
- a) Only Pistol
 - b) Only smooth barrel shotgun
 - c) Only rifle
 - d) All three weapons listed
15. Which of the following circumstances is the ground to revoke license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearm
- a) Voluntary surrender of firearm to the relevant bodies of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia only by the owner of the weapon according to the established procedure
 - b) Only effectiveness of the judgment of conviction against the license (permit) holder

- c) Only systematic violation of public order by the license (permit) holder
 - d) All circumstances listed in this test-paper
16. Which of the following provisions is false
- a) License to purchase sports short threaded barrel firearm is issued with the right to store and carry
 - b) License to purchase sports short threaded barrel firearm is issued only with the right to store, except the cases stipulated by the legislation
 - c) License to purchase sports long barrel firearm is issued with the right to store and carry
17. Who may have the right to carry short threaded barrel firearm
- a) No one
 - b) Only persons determined by the legislation of Georgia for service weapons
 - c) Only those persons determined by the legislation of Georgia, who after expiration of their duties maintained the right to carry a weapon
 - d) Both categories of persons listed in this test-paper
18. Citizen of Georgia wants to export registered firearm abroad. Does he/she need a permit issued by a foreign State on the import to the territory of a foreign state
- a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Permit is required if a person is moving to other country permanently
19. Which of the following provisions is correct
- a) The same procedures on storing and carrying of firearm apply to the citizens of Georgia and foreign nationals having license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) weapon
 - b) Procedures on storing and carrying of firearm established by the legislation of Georgia do not apply to foreign nationals having permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) a weapon
 - c) Different restrictions are established to foreign nationals for carrying and storing of registered weapon
20. The place to store a sports firearm is
- a) Any place physical person chooses, where the weapon storage rules are observed
 - b) At the place of residence indicated in registration records and weapon registration
 - c) In both places listed in this test-paper
21. Which authority issues a transfer-shipping permit of the weapon and ammunition
- a) LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia
 - b) LEPL Revenue Service of the Ministry of Finance of Georgia
 - c) The Ministry of Justice of Georgia
 - d) The Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia
22. Physical person wants to transfer 40 cartridges of threaded barrel firearm registered under his/her name. Does this person need to have transfer-shipping permit

- a) Yes, he/she needs
 - b) No, because no permit is required for transfer of cartridges
 - c) No, because owner of the registered firearm does not need to have a permit to transfer up to 50 cartridges of threaded barrel firearm
23. What is the permitted amount of a gunpowder to be transferred by the physical person, owner of the weapon registered without the authorization
- a) Gunpowder up to one kilogram
 - b) Gunpowder up to two kilograms
 - c) Gunpowder up to three kilograms
24. How a person shall transfer his own sports short threaded barrel firearms
- a) In unloaded (disassembled) condition, separated from the ammunition; in a special holster or case, in order to exclude immediate use of weapon; protected from other persons access
 - b) Separate from the ammunition; inaccessible for other persons; unloading of a weapon is not necessary
 - c) According to personal choice
25. Whether a citizen of Georgia or foreign national can obtain the right to purchase additional main element of that type of weapon if he/she does not have a license (permit) to purchase (with the right to store and carry) this type of weapon
- a) Yes, Only in case if the additional main element of the weapon would adjust to the hunting firearm
 - b) No
 - c) Yes
26. Ground for the refusal to issue the permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) the sports firearm is
- a) Permit seeker is a chronic alcoholic, drug-addicted or glue-sniffer
 - b) Permit seeker has underage children
 - c) Permit seeker is 21 years old
27. Whether the owner of a sports firearm is obliged to apply the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs for the purposes of registration of additional main elements of sports firearm
- a) Yes, a person is obliged to apply the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
 - b) Is not obliged if a person has a permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) any type of weapon
 - c) No, because a person has a permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) relevant sports firearm
28. The owner of the sports firearm is obliged to apply the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs for re-registration after emerging the grounds for re-registration

- a) Within 10 business days
 - b) Within 7 business days
 - c) Within 15 business days
29. The owner of the sports firearm is obliged to re-register
- a) If the weapon was repaired by a licensed person
 - b) In case of change of data in the registration certificate of a weapon
 - c) If appeared that the weapon is not permitted for civil circulation
30. In which of the following cases a temporary certificate of weapons shall be issued
- a) Only for the purposes to transfer a weapon from purchase place to storage place
 - b) Only for the purposes to transfer a weapon to the authority conducting ballistic inspection
 - c) Only for the purposes to transfer a weapon to a person having the license to repair a weapon
 - d) In all cases mentioned in this test-paper
31. Which of the following provisions is false
- a) The owner of a sports firearms is obliged to ensure protection of weapon and ammunition
 - b) Alienation of a weapon or ammunition is prohibited except cases provided by the law
 - c) Physical person is not entitled to purchase without permit ammunitions designed for shooting from the sports firearm registered under his/her name
32. Which one from the following provisions is false
- a) A person having the right to carry a weapon is personally responsible for its protection and care
 - b) A person having the right to carry weapon is obliged to observe the established procedures under the legislation on the circulation of weapons
 - c) Owner of the weapon holding the right to carry hunting firearm is not obliged to have registration certificate on, while carrying the weapon
33. Which of the following provisions is false
- a) Registration of the additional main element of the weapon is allowed if at the moment of the request the applicant has a permit (with the right to store and carry) to purchase the relevant type of weapon
 - b) Registration of the additional main element of the weapon is allowed if the additional main elements of the weapon is manufactured by a person having the relevant license
 - c) Registration of the additional main element of the weapon is allowed if the ballistic inspection revealed a defect/damage which makes impossible their intended use
34. The ground for revocation of the registration of sports firearm or main element of the weapon is not
- a) Systematic violation of public order by the license (permit) holder to purchase (with the right to carry and/or store) a weapon
 - b) Unintended use of a weapon

- c) Transfer (registration) of the right of ownership of the weapon or main element of weapon to the other person in accordance with the rule established by the legislation
 - d) Replacement of main element of weapon with the additional main element of weapon
35. Which of the following cases is not an impeding circumstance for the permit seeker to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearm
- a) License (permit) seeker is mentally ill
 - b) Due to the physical handicap of a permit seeker intended use of the weapons is impossible
 - c) Permit seeker is a citizen of the foreign country
 - d) Conviction of a permit seeker is not removed or declared extinct
36. Which of the following is not a ground for deprivation of sports firearm
- a) Person is not using a sports firearm registered under his/her name
 - b) Revocation of weapon's license (permit)
 - c) Violation of weapon circulation rules, before the final decision
37. Which of the following is correct
- a) Sports firearm should be stored in loaded condition, access of underage children to weapon and ammunitions shall be excluded
 - b) Sports firearm should be stored in such a state/condition, that guarantees its safety and security, excludes unintended (inadvertent) fire and the possibility of access of unauthorized persons to the weapon and ammunition
 - c) Sports firearm should be stored in unloaded condition and accessible place for family members, where timely use of firearm will be possible in case of necessity
38. In case if you lose your own short sports firearm
- a) You shall immediately notify relevant unit of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
 - b) You can take measures yourself to find the weapon without notifying the Ministry of Internal Affairs
39. Registration of firearm sports firearm is not permitted
- a) Only for person who is chronic alcoholic, drug-addicted or glue-sniffer
 - b) Only for person whose conviction is not removed or declared extinct
 - c) For both, person who is chronic alcoholic, drug-addicted or glue-sniffer and person whose conviction is not removed or declared extinct
40. Whether previously convicted person whose conviction is removed or declared extinct can obtain a permit to purchase sports firearm
- a) Yes, he/she can in any case
 - b) He/she cannot within the period determined by the law in case of conviction for a certain type of crime
 - c) Previously convicted person cannot in any case

41. Person seeking a license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearm is under the criminal persecution. Is he/she allowed to obtain a license to purchase firearm or gas (air) weapon
- Yes, if a person under the criminal persecution is not in the penitentiary institution
 - Yes, if a person is under the criminal persecution for less grave crime
 - No, license to purchase weapons shall not be issued to a person under the criminal persecution
42. Is the owner of a sports firearm allowed to manufacture or repair main element of firearm himself/herself (without appropriate license)
- Yes, the owner has the right to manufacture or repair main elements of firearms in case of necessity
 - No
 - Yes, only in case if he/she has the relevant education
43. Which of the following provisions is correct
- Purchase of a sports firearm (with the right to store and carry) by the citizen of Georgia its import and export in Georgia is allowed on the basis of relevant permit
 - Purchase of a sports firearm (with the right to store and carry) by the citizen of Georgia its import and export in Georgia does not require the permit
 - Permit is required only for the purchase (with the right to store and carry) of a sports firearm
44. Which of the following provisions is false
- Person holding a license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) weapon shall lose the license in case of violation of terms of the license or/and requirements related to circulation of weapon
 - Person holding a license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) weapon shall lose the license when weapons are discarded by the LEPL service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
 - Voluntary refusal of license by holder of license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) weapon is not
45. Which of the following provisions is false
- A physical person is obliged to register inherited weapons, except in case if there are impeding circumstances for obtaining a license
 - Owner of sports firearms is obliged to observe the rules on circulation of weapons
 - Owner of sports firearms does not have a right to alienate his own weapons
46. Which authority is issuing permission to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearm
- The Ministry of Finance of Georgia
 - The Ministry of Justice of Georgia
 - The Ministry of Labour, Health and Social Affairs of Georgia

- d) LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia
47. Sports firearm and ammunition transportation-shipment permit is issued
- a) For no more than 2 months
 - b) For no more than 3 months
 - c) For no more than 6 months
48. At the same time on how many sports firearm can a citizen of Georgia obtain the permit for export and import in Georgia
- a) No more than 5 units
 - b) No more than 7 units
 - c) No more than 10 units
49. At the same time on how many units of ammunition (cartridges) can a citizen of Georgia obtain the permit for export and import in Georgia
- a) No more than 1000 units
 - b) No more than 1200 units
 - c) No more than 1300 units
50. Physical person wants to transfer 40 cartridges of threaded barrel firearm registered under his/her name. Does this person need to have transfer-shipping permit
- d) Yes, he/she needs
 - e) No, because no permit is required for transfer of cartridges
 - f) No, because owner of the registered firearm does not need to have a permit to transfer up to 50 cartridges of threaded barrel firearm
 - g) No, because owner of the registered firearm does not need to have a permission to transfer up to 50 cartridges of threaded barrel firearm
51. What is the allowed amount of a gunpowder for the physical person, owner of the weapon registered without the authorization
- d) Gunpowder up to one kilogram
 - e) Gunpowder up to two kilograms
 - f) Gunpowder up to three kilograms
52. Collection and exposure of sports firearms is allowed
- a) In case of relevant license
 - b) Without license
53. Whether the obligation of re-registration arises in case of change of address indicated in registration records and weapon registration certificate by the owner of a sports firearm
- a) No
 - b) Yes
 - c) Yes, only in case if owner moves to another city for the residence

54. Whether it is allowed to inherit weapons
- Yes
 - No
55. From what age it is allowed to obtain a permit to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearms
- From the age of 16
 - From the age of 17
 - From the age of 18
56. Which of the following provisions is correct
- Physical person holding temporary certificate of sports firearm is obliged to observe the rules on transportation-shipment of a weapon
 - The owner of weapon is not obliged to ensure access of civil servants to the weapon storage areas in accordance with the legislation and provide them with proper documentation
 - Sports short barrel firearms during transportation, may not be protected from access of third persons if other procedures on the transportation of weapons are observed
57. Has the owner of a sports firearm the right to transfer his/her weapon to other person while traveling abroad
- Yes, only to family member
 - Yes, to any person having the rights to carry weapon
 - Yes, to any trustee
 - No, he/she does not
58. In what case it is allowed to store your own sports firearm in a place accessible to others
- Never
 - Only in case if weapon is not accessible to juveniles
 - Only in case if weapon is accessible to those persons who have the right to store and/or carry weapon
59. Whether the owner of sports firearm can transform (without the appropriate license) his/her own sports firearm himself/herself
- Yes, if he/she notifies relevant authorities about this
 - No
 - Yes, he/she can transform the weapon without any restrictions because he/she is the owner of the weapon
60. Based on the Georgian legislation which firearm is evicted from civil circulation
- Automatic rifle-machinegun
 - Sports smooth barrel firearm
 - Automatic rifle with the silencer
 - Sports rifle extinguisher-with the compensator

61. How a physical person shall act in case of revocation of registration of sports firearm or its additional main element
 - a) Apply the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs within 14 days to obtain the certificate on transferring the right of ownership to other person, discarding weapon or surrender of weapon under the commission rule
 - b) Store a weapon at the place of residence and ensure its protection
 - c) Transfer to third person before its registration
62. Whether a physical person is allowed to give (under the commission rule) his/her own registered weapon to the institution licensed to trade in arms
 - a) Is allowed
 - b) Is not allowed
63. Whether a physical person has the right to alienate his/her own sports firearm
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
64. Whether a physical person is allowed to put in pledge his/her own sports firearm
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
65. Who has the right to trade in arms
 - a) Persons created for entrepreneurship activities specially for this purposes in accordance with the legislation of Georgia, on the bases of relevant license
 - b) Any physical person who is the owner of a weapon
 - c) Any physical person who is the owner of a weapon, in case if he/she submits appropriate application to the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
66. How should the successor act, if at the time of registration of the sports firearm he/she faces the condition, which restricts the registration of the weapon under his/her name
 - a) Alienate this weapon without the consent of the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
 - b) Deliver (under the commission rule) this weapon to the institution licensed to trade in arms without the consent of the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs
 - c) With the consent of the LEPL Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs give the right of ownership to the third person, deliver (under the commission rule) this weapon to the institution licensed to trade in arms or discard a weapon.
67. Whether the legalization (registration of unregistered weapon) of sports firearm is allowed
 - a) Yes, except in case if there is impeding circumstance for obtaining the permit to purchase a weapon
 - b) It is not allowed
68. Whether the general requirement of customs declaration apply to import of civil firearm and/or gas (air) weapon, its/ their main elements and/or ammunition in Georgia
 - a) Yes

- b) No
- 69. Whether the citizen of Georgia is allowed without its registration alienate a sports firearm, imported in Georgia by him/her
 - a) It is allowed
 - b) It is not allowed
 - c) It is allowed within one month from importing the weapon in Georgia
- 70. The holder of the license to purchase (with the right to store and/or carry) sports firearm committed an administrative offence – non observance of requirements and obligations stipulated by protective or restraining order. Whether the mentioned license will be revoked
 - a) The above mentioned circumstance is not the ground for the revocation of license
 - b) Yes, it will be revoked
 - c) It will be revoked only in case if the mentioned offence is committed repeatedly
- 71. Whether illegal purchase of firearm (except smooth barrel shotgun), ammunition leads to the criminal liability
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
- 72. Whether illegal storage of firearm (except smooth barrel shotgun), ammunition leads to the criminal liability
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
- 73. Whether illegal carriage of firearm (except smooth barrel shotgun), ammunition, explosive substance or explosive device leads to the criminal liability
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
- 74. Whether illegal manufacture of firearm (except smooth barrel shotgun), ammunition leads to the criminal liability
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
- 75. Whether illegal transportation, transfer or sale of firearm (except smooth barrel shotgun), ammunition leads to the criminal liability
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Only illegal sale leads to the criminal liability
- 76. Negligent storage of firearm, which created the condition of its use by another person, which resulted in the loss of life or other serious consequences
 - a) Causes the criminal liability
 - b) Does not cause criminal liability
- 77. In which of the following cases the owner of a weapon has a right to use a firearm
 - a) For the protection of its dignity

- b) For the protection of any legal goods,
 - c) For the protection of own and another person's life, health and/or property within the framework of necessary defense or extreme necessity
78. The use of firearm would be considered in the condition of necessary defense
- a) If a person at the time of wrongdoing injures wrongdoer with the intention to restore the legality
 - b) If a person at the time of wrongdoing injures wrongdoer for the protection of his/her or other's legal good
 - c) In any case when person the injures wrongdoer at the time of wrongdoing
79. Which of the following answers are correct
- a) A person has a right to necessary defense regardless whether he can avoid the wrongdoing or call other for help
 - b) A person does not have a right to necessary defense in case if he can avoid the wrongdoing or call other for help
80. The use of firearm would be considered in the condition of extreme necessity:
- a) If the person injures the other to avert the danger that was presented to the legal concerns of the injurer or of any other person despite the fact whether or not the danger could be avoided by other mean.
 - b) If the person injures the other to avert the danger that was presented to the legal concerns of the injurer or of any other person if it was impossible to forestall this danger by any other means and if the saved concerns overrode injured ones.
81. Whether violation of rules on storage of firearms shall cause administrative liability
- a) Yes
 - b) No
82. Whether violation of rules on transfer-shipment or sending of firearms shall cause administrative liability
- a) Yes
 - b) No
83. Whether violation of rules on registration (re-registration) of firearms or registration in relevant authorities of the Ministry of Internal Affairs due to the residential address change shall cause administrative liability
- a) Yes
 - b) No
84. Firing from the firearm in the populated areas and in the places not designated for this, also at the designated places but with the violation of established procedures
- a) Shall cause administrative liability
 - b) Shall not cause administrative liability
 - c) Only shooting in populated area shall cause administrative liability

85. For the safety purposes whether it is recommended to leave a firearm in the loaded condition after its intended use
- a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Yes, if we store the weapon in a safe
86. For security purposes, before cleaning a firearm is it necessary to check the barrel bullet channel whether there is a bullet
- a) It is necessary
 - b) it is not necessary
 - c) It depends on a type of firearms
87. Pistol is a semi-automatic
- a) Which after each shot, without intervention of a shooter, places a bullet in a barrel cartridge and is ready for next fire
 - b) Which makes several shots by pulling a trigger once
 - c) Which needs mechanical reload after each shot
88. Whether it is recommended to store a weapon in a storage, where the fuel, inflammable and chemical substances are stored
- a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) It is recommended only in a place where chemical substances are stored
89. Is it possible to put more than permitted quantity of bullets in the cartridge channel
- a) It is possible in any case
 - b) It is possible by shortening a spring of a magazine
 - c) It is not possible
90. Which of the following discussions is correct
- a) From semi-automatic rifle it is possible to make several shoots, without mechanical intervention and loading the bullet by the shooter after each fire
 - b) By single pull of trigger on semi-automatic rifle it is possible to make several shoots or/and by single pull of trigger completely empty the magazine
 - c) After firing from semi-automatic rifle it is necessary to transfer a bullet from magazine into the bullet channel i.e. reload a weapon
91. Which firearm falls into the category of threaded barrel firearm
- a) Gun
 - b) Rifle
 - c) Pneumatic pistol
92. What is the difference between a pistol and a revolver

- a) Pistol has a separate magazine and cartridge is placed in a barrel, revolver has several cartridges, separated from the barrel in a drum and at the same time drum itself is a magazine
 - b) A revolver has a trigger and a pistol – does not
 - c) A revolver has less weight than a pistol
93. Which of the following is semi-automatic weapon
- a) Revolver, equipped with a single loading system
 - b) Self-charging rifle
 - c) Double barrel shotgun
94. When is a weapon ready for action, for shooter to be able to fire
- a) When the weapon is unloaded and has safety lock on
 - b) When the cartridge is in the barrel bullet channel and the safety lock is off
95. Whether pointing of a weapon on a person is permissible
- a) No
 - b) It is permissible only in case if the weapon is not loaded
 - c) It is permissible only in case if the finger is outside the trigger
96. What does the word “caliber” mean
- a) Internal diameter of barrel
 - b) Mass of the barrel
 - c) The amount of incisions in the barrel
97. Which cartridges are allowed to fire from your own firearms
- a) Any cartridge which can fit in the magazine or barrel
 - b) Only cartridge with the relevant caliber, according to which the weapon is constructed and which is indicated on the weapon itself
 - c) None of the answers is correct
98. Whether it is allowed to fire 5,6mm small caliber bullet from a sports firearm-pistol, if the pistol itself is constructed-designated on the same caliber cartridge
- a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Only on the bases of the permit
99. In case of self-loading firearm pistol, whether it is fully protected when it is on a safety lock and whether negligent handling of a weapon can cause a sudden shooting
- a) Shooting may take place in certain circumstances; accordingly additional protection shall always be a shooter itself
 - b) No, the shooting is excluded in this case the weapon can be pointed in any direction
 - c) Shooting may take place in certain circumstances; accordingly, additional protection does not exist
100. What function is given to pistol’s needle

- a) While pulling a trigger with finger a needle falls on a piston placed on a cartridge case and followed by inflammation of gunpowder
 - b) To lift the trigger down safely
 - c) Reduction of knockback
101. From the following which one is a caliber of small caliber fire pistol
- a) 5,6mm (22lr)
 - b) 12,7mm
 - c) 40mm
102. Which part of a revolver usually rotates clockwise after each shot
- a) Drum
 - b) Barrel
 - c) Cartridge
103. Whether the use of damaged bullets is safe
- a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) It is safe if bullet case is manufactured with cardboard
104. Whether re-use of bullets, having misfire traces is recommended
- a) It is recommended
 - b) It is not recommended
 - c) It is not recommended only for ring-shaped flammable bullets
105. What does the mark "Magnum" mean
- a) Name of a manufacturing company
 - b) Class of the exceptionally strong bullet of a certain caliber
 - c) Caliber
106. Due to the geometric shape of a weapons' trigger it is designed to
- a) Pull a trigger with the index finger
 - b) Pull a trigger with thumb
 - c) Pull a trigger with two fingers simultaneously
107. Magazine release button
- a) Is located on a right side of handle on all weapons
 - b) Is located on a magazine
 - c) Different types of weapons have it on different places
108. Protector protects a weapon
- a) From damage
 - b) From accidental shot
 - c) Controls the quantity of cartridges in a magazine

109. To put a finger on a trigger is recommended
- Always, when you hold a weapon
 - Only after you decide to fire
110. After incomplete disassemble of a weapon it shall be assembled
- In reverse-order
 - In any order
 - In the same order as it was disassembled
111. Which of the following is correct
- Put a finger on a trigger when you plan to fire
 - Consider a weapon as loaded unless you check and unload it yourself
 - Weapon shall be pointed to a safe direction
 - All answers provided in this test-paper are correct
112. In what order should a pistol inspection (unloading) be made
- Release a magazine, switch the locker to holder and make visual inspection of a bullet chamber
 - Switch the locker to holder, release a magazine, visual inspection of a bullet chamber is not necessary
 - Switch the locker to holder, pull down from holder, release a magazine and make checking slide
113. Whether it is safe to mechanically pull down the trigger (with the support of hand) of a loaded trigger pistol
- Yes
 - No
 - Yes if a muzzle is pointed to a safe direction
114. Unconscious injured person should be transported
- Lying on a belly down position
 - Lying on a back down position with lower extremities up
 - Lying on a side down position (sideways)
115. In order to stop bleeding, rubber bands should be placed on extremities
- Below the bleeding place, on the clothes, by recording a time of putting a rubber band
 - Above the bleeding place, on the clothes, by recording a time of putting a rubber band
 - Above the bleeding place, on the clothes free area, by recording a time of putting a rubber band
116. In order to stop bleeding, rubber bands should be placed on extremities
- 4-6 cm below the wound
 - 4-6 cm above the wound
 - On the wound
117. Duration of putting a rubber band for stopping bleeding shall not exceed

- a) More than 1 hour in the winter conditions, not more than 2 hours in the summer condition
 - b) Not more than 2 hours in the winter conditions, not more than 1 hour in the summer condition
 - c) Not more than 1 hour regardless of the ambient temperature
118. The wound can be treated
- a) with a solution of potassium permanganate
 - b) Iodine solution
 - c) Hydrogen peroxide
 - d) Clean water
119. How shall we assist a victim in case if heartbeat and breathing is stopped
- a) Make only external cardiac massage
 - b) Clear the respiratory ways, administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and external cardiac massage
 - c) Clear the respiratory ways and administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
 - d) Only administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
120. In case if victim is not breathing and heartbeat is stopped, existence of the reaction of pupil on the light shows
- a) The existence of the signs of life
 - b) Loss of consciousness
 - c) Biological death
121. Victim with the chest trauma should be transported
- a) On the back laying position
 - b) On abdomen laying position
 - c) Half sitting position
122. How to get rid of clothes (shirt) in case of upper limb damage by the gunshot
- a) We should start removing the shirt from the damaged limb
 - b) We should simultaneously remove shirt from both limbs
 - c) First we should free the healthy limb and after - damaged one
123. What kind of first aid should we administer to the injured in case if tear or other irritating substance got into the eye
- a) Clear the eye with the oily tampon
 - b) Clear the eye with the clean tampon
 - c) Rinse the eye with the excess water flow
124. Which action is more appropriate to bring unconscious injured to the consciousness
- a) Pull the legs on the injured person upper than the body level
 - b) Bring the ammonia to the nose
 - c) Warm up the injured
125. During the CPR and external cardiac massage it is essential for the injured

- a) To lay on the back, on a soft bad
 - b) To lay on the back, on a straight and hard surface
 - c) To leave in the starting i.e. in the same condition in which the injured person was found
126. During performing a CPR with the mouth to mouth method it is essential to
- a) Lay injured person on side
 - b) Lay injured person's head on back and move the chin front
 - c) Slope the injured persons head front
127. What is the order of administering first aid during the gunshot wound
- a) Treat the wound, bandage the wound, stop bleeding
 - b) Stop bleeding, treat the wound, bandage the wound
 - c) Stop the bleeding, bandage the wound
128. During the entering wound in the abdomen what procedures of first aid should be followed
- a) Give fluid to the injured, remove the object from the wound, put the sterile patch on the wound
 - b) Pull up the injured person's head, give warm fluid to drink, put the sterile patch on the wound
 - c) Not to give fluid to the injured, not to remove the object from the wound, put the sterile patch on the wound
129. What is the rhythm of CPR and external cardiac massage, which is performed by one person
- a) One rescue birth– 5 compressions on chest
 - b) Two blow in of air – 15 compressions on chest
 - c) Three blow in of air – 30 compressions on chest
130. The signs of arterial bleeding are
- a) Slow flow of the scarlet blood from the wound
 - b) Fountain flow of the scarlet blood from the wound
 - c) Slow flow of the dark red blood from the wound
131. In case of firearm wound in the eye area
- a) Damaged eye of injured should be cleaned
 - b) Bumpy object should be attached to the damaged person's eye and fixed on the skin
 - c) Clean (sterile) patch should be placed on the injured person's eye and bandaged both eyes
132. At the time of rescue breathing during the CPR
- a) Chest will expand and rise
 - b) Chest does not react on rescue breathing
 - c) Chest rises in parallel of distention of an abdomen
133. At the time of cervical vertebra damage or suspected damage
- a) Head of the injured person should be fixed, special collar should be placed on the neck (or any applicable mean)
 - b) Treatment should be started from the sideways
 - c) Head of the injured person should be placed on the soft object, for example on the pillow.

134. If injured person has pulsation on the carotid artery and is not breathing

- a) Only CPR should be performed
- b) CPR and external cardiac massage should be performed
- c) External cardiac massage should be performed

135. At what kind of bleeding should the rubber bend be placed

- a) Vein
- b) Arterial
- c) Capillary

Test-papers of the exam on the knowledge of the procedures of sports firearm circulation and the table of correct answers

| Question N | Correct Answer | Question N | Correct Answer |
|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | A | 68 | A |
| 2 | A | 69 | B |
| 3 | B | 70 | B |
| 4 | B | 71 | A |
| 5 | D | 72 | A |
| 6 | A | 73 | A |
| 7 | A | 74 | A |
| 8 | B | 75 | A |
| 9 | A | 76 | A |
| 10 | B | 77 | C |
| 11 | A | 78 | B |
| 12 | C | 79 | A |
| 13 | D | 80 | B |
| 14 | D | 81 | A |
| 15 | D | 82 | A |
| 16 | A | 83 | A |
| 17 | D | 84 | A |
| 18 | A | 85 | B |
| 19 | A | 86 | A |
| 20 | B | 87 | A |
| 21 | A | 88 | B |
| 22 | C | 89 | C |
| 23 | A | 90 | A |
| 24 | A | 91 | B |
| 25 | B | 92 | A |
| 26 | A | 93 | B |
| 27 | A | 94 | B |
| 28 | B | 95 | A |
| 29 | B | 96 | A |
| 30 | D | 97 | B |
| 31 | C | 98 | A |
| 32 | C | 99 | A |
| 33 | C | 100 | A |
| 34 | D | 101 | A |
| 35 | C | 102 | A |

| | | | |
|----|---|-----|---|
| 36 | A | 103 | B |
| 37 | B | 104 | B |
| 38 | A | 105 | B |
| 39 | C | 106 | A |
| 40 | B | 107 | C |
| 41 | C | 108 | B |
| 42 | B | 109 | B |
| 43 | A | 110 | A |
| 44 | A | 111 | D |
| 45 | C | 112 | A |
| 46 | D | 113 | A |
| 47 | B | 114 | C |
| 48 | A | 115 | B |
| 49 | A | 116 | B |
| 50 | C | 117 | A |
| 51 | A | 118 | C |
| 52 | A | 119 | B |
| 53 | B | 120 | A |
| 54 | A | 121 | C |
| 55 | C | 122 | C |
| 56 | A | 123 | C |
| 57 | D | 124 | B |
| 58 | A | 125 | B |
| 59 | B | 126 | B |
| 60 | A | 127 | B |
| 61 | A | 128 | C |
| 62 | A | 129 | B |
| 63 | A | 130 | B |
| 64 | B | 131 | C |
| 65 | A | 132 | A |
| 66 | C | 133 | A |
| 67 | A | 134 | A |
| | | 135 | B |

